TECHNICAL REPORT

ISO/IEC TR 6114

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Cybersecurity — Security considerations throughout the product life cycle

Cybersécurité — Considérations relatives à la sécurité tout au long du cycle de vie du produit



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Coi	Pag					
Fore	word			v		
Intr	oduction	1		vi		
1	Scope			1		
2	•		eferences			
3	Terms and definitions					
			terms			
4						
5	Security considerations throughout the product life cycle					
	5.2	Inform	nation and communication technology threat model	5 5		
	5.3		s of threats			
	5.4		ure of the report			
6	Phase 1: Concept					
	6.1	•				
	6.2	Summ	ary of concept threats and controls	6		
		6.2.1				
		6.2.2	Unauthorized operations			
		6.2.3	Integrity faults			
		6.2.4	Theft or loss			
7	Phase 2: Development					
	7.1		al			
	7.2		ary of development threats and controls			
		7.2.1 7.2.2	Attacks on development tools and/or network			
		7.2.2	Malicious hardware			
		7.2.4	Malicious software (driver)			
		7.2.5	Counterfeit			
8	Phase 3: Source and manufacture					
U	8.1		al			
	8.2					
	8.3		acture			
	8.4		ary of production threats and controls			
		8.4.1	Attack on production tools, data exchange tools and/or network			
		8.4.2	Unauthorized disclosure			
		8.4.3 8.4.4	Reverse engineering / theft of design			
		8.4.5	Improper system settings Design alteration			
		8.4.6	Insertion of malicious and/or counterfeit components			
		8.4.7	Falsification of test results			
		8.4.8	Product theft			
		8.4.9	Code insertion or replacement (firmware, operating system, software)	11		
		8.4.10	System replacement (spoof device)	11		
9	Phase 4: Transport					
	9.1		al			
	9.2		ary of production threats and controls			
			Product theft			
		9.2.2	Code insertion or replacement (firmware, operating system, software)			
		9.2.3 9.2.4	Insertion of malicious components System replacement (spoof device)			
		9.2.4	Physical attack in storage and transit			
10	DI.					
10	Phase 5: Utilization and support1					

ISO/IEC TR 6114:2023(E)

	10.1	General	12		
	10.2	Provision	13		
	10.3	Utilization	13		
	10.4	Support			
	10.5	Summary of utilization threats and controls			
		10.5.1 Unknown provenance			
		10.5.2 Spoofed system (replaced system)			
		10.5.3 Undetected tampering			
		10.5.4 Build data store tampering	14		
		10.5.5 Non-current device/product (firmware, operation system, application, drivers)	14		
		10.5.6 Unauthorized changes (firmware, operating system, software)	14		
		10.5.7 Unauthorized component swap			
		10.5.8 Insertion or replacement with malicious component	15		
		10.5.9 Product data store tampering	15		
11	Phase 6: Retirement				
	11.1	General			
	11.2	Summary of retirement threats and controls	15		
		11.2.1 Inaccurate hardware return			
		11.2.2 Incomplete data removal	16		
Annex	x A (inf	formative) Product security threat mapping to SCLC phases	17		
Annex	k B (inf	formative) Typical threats for hardware	21		
Annex	c C (inf	formative) Typical threats for software	30		
Annex	v D (inf	formative) Typical threats for data	36		
Annex	k E (inf	Formative) Use of tagalongs	40		
Annex	Annex F (informative) Software tampering				
Biblio	graph	y	44		

Foreword

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Introduction

The globalization of technology design, development, manufacturing, and distribution has created an environment of complicated supply chains with limited transparency. This presents an incredible challenge for the industry and highlights a growing need to ensure product integrity for all stages of the information and communications technology (ICT) product life cycle.

The call for assurance across the supply chain landscape has evolved over several decades. More recently, policy makers around the world have begun to focus on supply chain risks in new ways: from policies considering supply chain security risks for government procurement to various initiatives adding security considerations such as trust and transparency in the supply chain for ICT.

Vendors have been doing their part as well. Over the past several years, ICT suppliers have taken important steps towards increasing supply chain transparency. These steps include sourcing conflict-free minerals, [1] and implementing a set of policies, procedures and tools at factories to improve security consideration throughout the supply chain by validating where and when each component of an ICT product was manufactured.

These are important first steps, however they primarily focus on the production stage, just one stage of the ICT product life cycle. In today's complex environment, hardware platform providers are expected to enable a full range of tools and solutions that improve security consideration across the entire life cycle, from design and sourcing to secure retirement.

Security considerations throughout the product life cycle (SCLC) establish an end to end framework that can be applied to the multi-year life cycle of ICT products to comprehend and address potential risks for improved transparency and higher levels of security assurances. By enabling transparency and assurances across the ICT product life cycle, supply chain owners can improve platform integrity, resilience and security. The life cycle phases are both iterative and recursive in nature.

Cybersecurity — Security considerations throughout the product life cycle

1 Scope

This document describes security considerations throughout the product life cycle (SCLC), which is a framework that spans the entire information and communications technology (ICT) product life cycle. The aim of the framework is to align the industry and bring greater transparency to customers at every point on the ICT product life cycle.

This document describes the following items for suppliers, end users (consumers), intermediaries of the ICT supply chain, service providers, and regulators:

- definition of phases in the ICT product life cycle from concept to retirement;
- threat vectors possible in each phase of the life cycle;
- potential controls against those threat vectors.

The target audiences of this document are suppliers and consumers of ICT products, including all participants throughout the supply chain such as silicon chip designers, fabricators, product assemblers, logistics providers, service providers, and information security organizations. Clauses 5 to $\underline{11}$ target an organization's strategic and risk management teams. This document provides an end-to-end view of the threats in each phase to help the organization shape their plans, procedures and policies.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288, Systems and software engineering — System life cycle processes

ISO/IEC/IEEE 24748-1:2018, Systems and software engineering — Life cycle management — Part 1: Guidelines for life cycle management